Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Statkraft Markets Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Statkraft Markets Private Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view, in conformity with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with (the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2022, and its loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. Other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

The Director's Report is not made available to us at the date of this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

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Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Statkraft Markets Private Limited, on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (Cont'd)

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

- 5. The accompanying financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 9. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
    fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
    evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
    detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
    as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
    of internal control;
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
    that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on
    whether the Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial
    statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
  - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
  - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such



Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Statkraft Markets Private Limited, on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (Cont'd)

disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern;

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Other Matter

11. The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 21 were audited by the predecessor auditor, Deloitte Haskins & Sells, who have expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements vide their audit report dated 22 November 2021.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 12. Based on our audit, we report that the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act are not applicable to the Company since the Company is not a public company as defined under section 2(71) of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under section 197(16) is not applicable.
- 13. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 14. Further to our comments, as required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying financial statements;
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c) The financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021;
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
  - f) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the provisions of section 143(3)(i) for reporting on the adequacy of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls of the Company, are not applicable; and
  - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - the Company does not have any pending litigation which would impact its financial position as at 31 March 2022;



Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Statkraft Markets Private Limited, on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (cont'd)

- ii. the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2022;
- iii. there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2022;

iv.

- a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 38(iv) to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 38(v) to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- c. Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year ended 31 March 2022.

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For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500019DIO

Nalin Jain Partner

Membership No.: 503498

UDIN: 22503498ATKNID1200

Place: New Delhi

Date: 20 September 2022

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Statkraft Markets Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
  - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
  - (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment under which the assets are physically verified in a phased manner over a period of 3 years, which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. However, no physical verification was carried out by the management of the Company during the year, and we are therefore unable to comment on the discrepancies, if any, which could have arisen on such verification.
  - (c)The Company does not own any immovable property (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (d)The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment or intangible assets during the year.
  - (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The Company does not hold any inventory. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits by banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets at any point of time during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) (a) The Company has provided loans others during the year as per details given below:

Particulars	Loans (Rs. in thousand)
Aggregate amount provided/granted during the year:	
- Others*	1,94,945
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases:	
- Others*	1,94,945
Note-*Others include balance outstanding for Nellai Renewables Private Limited which is a related party (fellow subsidiary company).	

- (b) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- (c) In respect of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and the payment of the interest has not been stipulated and accordingly, we are unable to comment as to whether the repayments/receipts of principal and interest are regular.
- (d) In the absence of stipulated schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest in respect of loans or advances in the nature of loans, we are unable to comment as to whether there is any



Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Statkraft Markets Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (cont'd)

amount which is overdue for more than 90 days. Reasonable steps have been taken by the Company for recovery of such principal amounts and interest.

- (e) The Company has not granted any loan or advance in the nature of loan which has fallen due during the year. Further, no fresh loans were granted to any party to settle the overdue loans/advances in nature of loan that existed as at the beginning of the year.
- (f) The Company has granted loan which are repayable on demand, as per details below:

Particulars	All parties (Rs. in thousand)	Promoters	Related parties (Rs. in thousand)
Aggregate of loans/advances in nature of loan - Repayable on demand (A) - Agreement does not specify any terms or period of repayment (B)	1,94,945	1.1	1,94,945 -
Total (A+B)	1,94,945	-	1,94,945
Percentage of loans/advances in nature of loan to the total loans	100%		100%

- (iv) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Act in respect of loans provided by it, as applicable. Further, the Company has not entered into any transaction covered under and section 186 of the Act in respect of investments made, guarantees and security provided by it and has not entered into any transaction covered under section 185 of the Act.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there are no amount which have been deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/business activities. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii)(a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred to in subclause (a) above that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been previously recorded in the books of accounts.
- (ix) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any loans or other borrowings from any lender. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Statkraft Markets Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (cont'd)

- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, no report under sub-section 12 of section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company, with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required under Accounting Standard (AS) 18, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act. Further, according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to constitute an audit committee under section 177 of the Act.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to and consequently, does not have an internal audit system as per the provisions of section 138 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xv) of the Order with respect to compliance with the provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a),(b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
  - (d) Based on the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management of the Company, the Group (as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CIC.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial years amounting to Rs.1,45,852 thousand and Rs.1,45,871 thousand respectively.
- (xviii) There has been resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and based on the information and explanations given to us by the management and the response received by us pursuant to our communication with the outgoing auditors, there have been no issues, objections or concerns raised by the outgoing auditors.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and

**Chartered Accountants** 

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Statkraft Markets Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (cont'd)

management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not meet the criteria as specified under sub-section (1) of section 135 of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and according, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Nalin Jain Partner

Membership No.: 503498

UDIN: 22503498ATKNID1200

Place: New Delhi

Date: 20 September 2022

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
EQUIT AND EIABETTES			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3	1,419,068	1,419,068
Reserves and surplus	4	(716,057)	(558,947)
		703,011	860,121
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term provisions	5	30,154	28,900
		30,154	28,900
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	6		
<ul><li>(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and</li></ul>		128	469
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		27,462	46,650
Other current liabilities	7	399,347	265,969
Short-term provisions	8	1,590	1,598
		428,527	314,686
		1,161,692	1,203,707
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
			44.000
Property, plant and equipment	9 (a)	9,017	14,666
Intangible assets	9 (b)	9,824	14,667
Long-term loans and advances	11	39,125	32,959
Other non-current assets	12	10,775	11,608 73,900
A		68,741	73,900
Current assets Trade receivables	13	39,983	27.351
1144-1	14		
Cash and bank balances Short-term loans and advances	15	595,434 208,101	885,917 3,904
Other current assets	16	249,433	212,635
Other current assets	10	1,092,951	1,129,807
		1,161,692	1,123,307
		1,101,032	1,203,707

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001076N/N500013

Nalin Jain Partner Membership no. 503498

Place : New Delhi Date : 20 September 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Statkraft Markets Private Limited

CIN:- U51909DL2011PTC228692

Sanjeev Mehra Managing Director DIN: 02626778

1-39

Place: New Delhi Date: 20 September 2022 Maneesh Bhartia

Director DIN: 06949674

Place : New Delhi Date: 20 September 2022

Gauri Shankar Mishra Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi Date: 20 September 2022

#### Statkraft Markets Private Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Income			
Revenue from operations	17	338,963	392,978
Other income	18	33,743	41,546
Total income		372,706	434,524
Expenses			
Purchase of power	19	232,798	276,796
Employee benefits expense	20	142,975	139,297
Finance costs	21	1,037	414
Depreciation and amortization expense	9	11,228	17,503
Other expenses	22	141,778	163,888
Total expenses		529,816	597,898
Loss before and after tax		(157,110)	(163,374)
Earnings per share [nominal value of Rs 10 each]	25		
-Basic (in Rs.)		(1.10)	(1.15)
-Diluted (in Rs.)		(1.10)	(1.15)
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.		1-39	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001076N/N500013

Partner Membership no. 503498

Place: New Delhi

Date: 20 September 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Statkraft Markets Private Limited CIN:- U51909DL2011PTC228692

Sanjeev Mehra

Managing Director DIN: 02626778

Place: New Delhi

Date: 20 September 2022

Date: 20 September 2022

Maneesh Bhartia

DIN: 06949674

Place : New Delhi

Director

Gauri Shankar Mishra Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi

Date: 20 September 2022



Statkraft Markets Private Limited Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Cash flow from operating activities		
Loss before tax	(157,110)	(163,374)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	11,228	17,503
Interest income	(32,002)	(41,406)
Finance costs	1,037	414
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipments	(58)	56
Provisions no longer requried written back	(1,430)	-
Operating loss before working capital changes	(178,335)	(186,807)
Changes in working capital:		
Long-term provisions	1,254	(2,036)
Short-term provisions	(8)	424
Trade payables Other current liabilities	(18,101)	16,738
Trade receivables	135,602	132,425
Other non current assets	(12,632) 833	18,716 13
Short-term loans and advances	(204,198)	115,293
Other current assets	(33,699)	(107,249)
Cash used in operating activities	(309,284)	(12,483)
Income taxes paid (Net of refund)	(5,458)	4,507
Net cash used in operating activities	(314,742)	(7,976)
not out it operating unitation	(014,742)	(1,510)
Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipments including intangible asset	(3,153)	(25,438)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipments	253	18
Fixed deposits placed during the year	(2,801,705)	(2,870,341)
Fixed deposits matured during the year	3,212,021	2,881,273
Interest received	28,195	40,643
Net cash from investing activities	435,611	26,155
Cash flow from financing activities		
Finance costs paid	(1,037)	(414)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,037)	(414)
Net cash used in infancing activities	(1,037)	(414)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	119,833	17,765
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	48,450	30,685
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	168,283	48,450
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents with the Balance Sheet:		
The state of the s		
Cash and bank balances (Refer Note 14)	595,434	885,917
Less: Bank balances not considered as cash and cash equivalents as defined in AS 3 Cash Flow Statements:	* ***********************************	
(i) In other deposit accounts	2	
- original maturity more than 3 months	312,962	707,791
(ii) In earmarked account - held as security against bank guarantee	114,189	129,676
Net cash and cash equivalents (as defined in AS 3 Cash Flow Statements) included in Note 14	168,283	48,450
		A TOWNSON
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	168,283	48,450

The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the Accounting Standard - 3 on 'Cash Flow Statements' as specified under section 133 of Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001076N/N500013

Partner Membership no. 503498

Place : New Delhi

Date: 20 September 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Statkraft Markets Private Limited

CIN:- U51909DL2011PTC228692

Sanjeev Mehra

1-39

Managing Director DIN: 02626778

Place : New Delhi Date: 20 September 2022 Maneesh Bhartia

Director DIN: 06949674

Place : New Delhi

Date: 20 September 2022

Gauri Shankar Mishra Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi Date: 20 September 2022

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

#### 1. Corporate Information

Statkraft Markets Private Limited ("the Company") incorporated on 13 December 2011 to purchase, sell, distribute, trade, import, export, generate or accumulate all forms of electrical power, to provide manpower support services to its group companies and to provide forecasting and scheduling services to solar and wind generators. The Company is a subsidiary of Statkraft Holding Singapore Pte Limited. Registered office of the company is situated at Unit 401, 4th Floor, Salcon Rasvilas Building, Saket District Centre, New Delhi-110017.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies

## (a) Basis of accounting and preparation of financial statements

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP). The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021. The financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis under historical cost convention on accrual basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India.

The financial statements are presented in INR (Thousand) and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current, wherever applicable as per operating cycle of the Company as per guidance as set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013.

Based on the nature of activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realization in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

#### (b) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known/materialize.

#### (c) Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statements comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### (d) Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation/ amortization and impairment losses, if any. The cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price net of any trade discounts and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use and other incidental expenses. Subsequent expenditure on property, plant and equipment after its purchase/ completion is capitalized only if such expenditure results in an increase in the future benefits from such asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

Intangible assets represent computer software and is amortized over their estimated useful life i.e. three to five years, on straight-line method. The estimated useful life of the intangible assets and the amortization period are reviewed at the end of each financial year and the amortization period is revised to reflect the changed pattern, if any.

Depreciation and amortization

Depreciable and amortization amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value.





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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

Depreciation on tangible property, plant and equipment and amortization on intangible assets has been provided on the straight-line method as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the period of the lease.

Class of Assets	Useful life (in years)
(a) Tangible Assets	
Computers – hardware	3-6
Furniture and Fixtures	10
Office equipment	5
Leasehold improvements	Period of lease
(b) Intangible Assets	3-5

#### (e) Revenue recognition

#### Sale of power- Trading

Revenue from sale of power is accounted for based on rates agreed with the customers and is inclusive of trading margin on transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer and when there is a reasonable certainty to expect ultimate collection, net of any penalties arising on account of non- performance of contract. For sale of power under banking arrangements, only margin earned on the transactions is accounted for as revenue.

#### Service income

Revenue from management services, services for sale of power and services for power forecasting and scheduling are recognized as per the terms of the contract with customers when the related services are rendered and when there is certainty of collection.

#### Other income

Interest income is recognized using the time-proportion method, based on rates implicit in the transaction.

#### (f) Foreign currency transactions and translations

<u>Initial recognition</u>: Transactions in the foreign currency are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transactions.

Measurement of foreign currency monetary items at the Balance Sheet date: Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the year-end are restated at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the Balance Sheet.

<u>Treatment of exchange differences</u>: The exchange difference arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting these items at rate different from the rates at which these were initially recorded are recognized as income/expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

#### (g) Retirement and other employee benefits

#### Provident fund

The Company makes contributions to statutory provident fund in accordance with the Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, which is a defined contribution plan. The Group's contributions paid/payable under the scheme is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

#### Gratuity

Gratuity is a post-employment benefit and is in the nature of a defined benefit plan. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date, together with adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. The defined benefit obligation is determined by actuarial valuation as on the balance sheet date, using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which such losses or gains are determined.



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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

Compensated absences

Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed more than one year after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of an actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are credited or charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year in which such gains or losses are determined.

#### Short-term employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognized during the year when the employees render the service. These benefits include performance incentive and compensated absences (including medical leave) which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service.

The cost of short-term compensated absences is accounted as under:

- (a) in case of accumulated compensated absences, when employees render the services that increase their entitlement of future compensated absences; and
- (b) in case of non-accumulating compensated absences, when the absences occur.

#### (h) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss after tax for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss after tax for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### (i) Deviation Settlement Mechanism (DSM) Charges

As per Forecasting and Scheduling (F&S) regulations, the Company is acting as Qualified Co-ordinating Agency (QCA) where the Company depools the DSM (Deviation Settlement Mechanism) charges raised by State Load Despatch Centre (SLDC) to the various generators under the respective Pooling Sub-stations. As a QCA, the Company is responsible to collect the DSM charges from the respective generators and pay to the SLDC only when this amount has been collected from the generators. The amount payable to SLDC (State Load Dispatch Centre) and receivable from generators is shown separately in the financial statements.

#### (j) Taxes on income

Tax Expense comprises current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognized as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

Deferred tax is recognized on timing differences, being the differences between the taxable income and the accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets in respect of unabsorbed depreciation, carry forward of losses and items relating to capital losses are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that there will be sufficient future taxable income available to realize such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for their realizability.

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

#### (k) Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

#### (I) Operating leases

Lease arrangements where the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset substantially vest with the lessor are recognized as operating leases. Lease rentals under operating leases are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (m) Impairment of assets

The carrying values of assets/ cash generating units at each Balance Sheet date are reviewed for impairment. If any indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated. If the carrying amount of the assets exceed the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment is recognized for such excess amount. The impairment loss is recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (n) Subsequent Events

Based on the nature of the event, the Company identifies the events occurring between the balance sheet date and the date on which the financial statements are approved as 'Adjusting Event' and 'Non-adjusting event'. Adjustments to assets and liabilities are made for events occurring after the balance sheet date that provide additional information materially affecting the determination of the amounts relating to conditions existing at the balance sheet date or because of statutory requirements or because of their special nature. For non-adjusting events, the Company may provide a disclosure in the financial statements considering the nature of the transaction.





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. Share capital

	As at 31 March 2022			As at 31 March 2021	
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	
Authorised share capital					
Equity shares of par value of Rs.10 each	175,000,000	1,750,000	175,000,000	1,750,000	
Issued, subscribed and paid up equity shares #					
Equity shares of par value of Rs.10 each	141,906,790	1,419,068	141,906,790	1,419,068	
	141,906,790	1,419,068	141,906,790	1,419,068	

# Refer Notes (i) to (iv) below

#### Notes:

(i) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

	As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
Particulars	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Issued, subscribed and paid up equity shares				
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	141.906.790	1,419,068	141,906,790	1,419,068
Add: equity shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	141,906,790	1,419,068	141,906,790	1,419,068

(ii) The rights, preferences and restrictions attaching to each class of shares including restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital:

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(iii) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares:

Name of shareholder	As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
	Number of	% holding	Number of	% holding
	shares held		shares held	
Statkraft Holding Singapore Pte Limited, Holding Company	141,906,789	99,99%	141,906,789	99,99%

(iv) Shares held by its Holding Company, including shares held by subsidiary of the Holding Company:

Particulars	As at 31 M	As at 31 March 2022		arch 2021
	Number of	% holding in	Number of	% holding in
	shares held	that class of	shares held	that class of
		shares		shares
Statkraft Holding Singapore Pte Limited, Holding Company	141,906,789	99.99%	141,906,789	99.99%
Statkraft Holding Peru Pte Limited, Subsidiary of the Holding Company	1	0.01%	1	0.01%

#### (v) Shareholding of the promoters:

Name of the Promoter	As at 31 March 2022			A:	s at 31 March 202	1
	Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares	% change during the year	Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares	% change during the year
Statkraft Holding Singapore Pte Limited	141,906,789	99.99%	0%	141,906,789	99.99%	0%
Statkraft Holding Peru Pte Limited	1	0.01%	0%	1	0.01%	0%

(vi) There has been no buy back of shares or no fully paid up equity shares has been allotted without payment being received in cash for a period of five years immediately preceeding the date of balance sheet.









# Statkraft Markets Private Limited Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

#### 4. Reserves and surplus

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Retained earnings		,
Opening balance	(558,947)	(395,573)
Net loss for the year	(157,110)	(163,374)
Closing balance	(716,057)	(558,947)

#### 5. Long-term provisions

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity (refer Note 23)	21,003	18,852
Compensated absences - Earned leave (refer Note 23)	9,151	10,048
	30,154	28,900

#### 6. Trade payables

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; (refer Note I below) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*	128 27,462	469 46,650
	27,590	47,119

<sup>\*</sup> Includes an amount of Rs. 21,866 thousands (Previous year Rs. 36,969 thousands) payable to related parties (refer note 25).

#### Notes:

(I) Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(i) The principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the year	128	469
(ii) The interest due on principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the year	•	
(iii) The amount of interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act), along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
(iv) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act	-	-
(v) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year	-	-
(vi) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under the MSMED Act.	-	-
	128	469

Dues to Micro Small and Medium Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

(II) Trade payables ageing schedule as on 31 March 2022

Particulars		Outstand	ding for following pe	eriods from date of tra	insaction	
10 to	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade Payables						
(a) MSME	-	128	-	-	-	128
(b) Others	4,408	22,759	295	-	-	27,462

(III) Trade payables ageing schedule as on 31 March 2021

Particulars		Outstan	ding for following p	eriods from date of tra	insaction	
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade Payables						
(a) MSME	301	168	-	-	-	469
(b) Others	6,633	38,926	1,091	-	-	46,650

#### 7. Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Statutory dues	12,537	13,587
Payable for purchase of property, plant and equipment including intangible assets	-	2,224
Advance received from customers Security deposits Employee related payables Amount payable to customers * Amount payable to SLDCs (State Load Dispatch Centre)** (Also, refer note 16)	8,036 30,145 2,824 153,168 192,637	10,716 34,440 4,637 18,700 181,665
	399,347	265,969

<sup>\*</sup> Includes an amount of Rs. 153,035 thousand (Previous year Rs. 18,651 thousand) payable on account of amount recovered/recoverable on behalf of customers (refer Note 25 and 34).

#### 8. Short-term provisions

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Provision for employee benefits Gratuity (refer Note 23) Compensated absences - Earned leave (refer Note 23) Compensated absences - Sick Leave	672 296 622	579
	1,590	1,598







<sup>\*\*</sup>As per Forecasting and Scheduling (F&S) regulations, the Company is acting as Qualified Co-ordinating Agency (QCA) where the Company depools the DSM (Deviation Settlement Mechanism) charges raised by State Load Despatch Centre (SLDC) to the various generators under the respective Pooling Sub-stations. As a QCA, the Company is responsible to collect the DSM charges from the respective generators and pay to the SLDC only when this amount has been collected from the generators. The corresponding amount recoverable from customers (i.e. generators) is shown under Note 16 to the financial statements.

Statkraft Markets Private Limited
Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022
(All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

9. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

		Gross	Gross block		Acc	Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation	ciation/ amortisa	ation	Net block
Description	As at April 01 April 2021	Additions	Deductions/ adjustments	As at 31 March 2022	As at April 01 April 2021	For the year	Deductions/ adjustments	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2022
(a) Property, plant and equipment Computers - hardware	16,839	434	2,266	15,007	10,269	2,895	2,121	11,043	3,964
Furniture and fixtures	4,008	41	14	4,008	1,221	396	14	1,603	2,405
Leasehold improvement	20,963	1	1	20,963	17,903	2,012	ï	19,915	1,048
Office equipment	8,341	481	994	7,828	6,092	1,080	944	6,228	1,600
	50,151	929	3,274	47,806	35,485	6,383	3,079	38,789	9,017
(b) Intangible assets Computers - software	27,571	ī	•	27,571	12,904	4,843	ĩ	17,747	9,824
	27,571			27,571	12,904	4,843	•	17,747	9,824
Total (a) + (b)	77,722	929	3,274	75,377	48,389	11,226	3,079	56,536	18,841

		Gross	Gross block		Acc	Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation	iation/ amortisa	ıtion	Net block
Description	As at April 01 April 2020	Additions	Deductions/ adjustments	As at 31 March 2021	As at April 01 April 2020	For the year	Deductions/ adjustments	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2021
(a) Property, plant and equipment	12.121	5.182	464	16.839	8.093	2,617	441	10,269	6,570
Furniture and fixtures	4,008	113	113	4,008	839	495	113	1,221	2,787
Leasehold improvement	20,963	ī	ı	20,963	9,855	8,048	1	17,903	3,060
Office equipment	8,705	621	985	8,341	5,545	1,483	936	6,092	2,249
	45,797	5,916	1,562	50,151	24,332	12,643	1,490	35,485	14,666
(b) Intangible assets Computers - software	27,598	ı	27	27,571	8,069	4,860	26	12,904	14,667
	27,598	,	27	27,571	8,069	4,860	26	12,904	14,667
Grand Total (a) + (b)	73,395	5,916	1,589	77,722	32,401	17,503	1,516	48,389	29,333





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

#### 10. Non current investments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Investments in Equity Instruments (carried at cost)		
- Investment in fellow subsidiary *	-	( <u>4</u> )
	-	-

<sup>\*</sup> Investment in 1 share of Statkraft Solar Solutions Private Limited at NIL (Previous year Rs 12), which was sold during the year on 19 July 2021

#### 11. Long - term loans and advances

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Unsecured, considered good Advance income tax (net of provision for taxation) Balance with government authorities	29,025	22,859
-Amount paid under protest to Income-tax authorities	10,100	10,100
	39,125	32,959

#### 12. Other non-current assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Unsecured, considered good		
Security deposits	10,775	11,608
	10,775	11,608

#### 13. Trade receivables

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Unsecured- considered good		Value (No Carolina)
Trade receivables:	39,983	27,351
The control of the state of the	39.983	27.351

<sup>\*</sup>Includes an amount of Rs. 20,413 thousands (Previous year Rs.5,089 thousands) receivable from related parties (refer note 25). Note: There are no disputed trade receivable.

(I) Trade receivables ageing schedule as on 31 March 2022

Particulars	Ou	Outstanding for following periods from date of transaction				Total
	Less than 6	6 months-1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	7 1
	months	year		2.00	5X	
Undisputed trade receivables- considered good	36,517	3,295	104	6	61	39,983

(I) Trade receivables ageing schedule as on 31 March 2021

Particulars	Ou	Outstanding for following periods from date of transaction			
COC.70031-54-04-440	Less than 6	6 months-1	1-2 years	2-3 years More than 3 years	
	months	year	2/.		
Undisputed trade receivables- considered good	25.132	2.219			27,351

#### 14. Cash and bank balances

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Cash on hand	13	13
Balances with banks		
(i) In current accounts	47,975	25,937
(ii) In deposit accounts (original maturity of 3 months or less)	120,295	22,500
Cash and cash equivalents (as per AS 3 cash flow statement)	168,283	48,450
Other Bank Balances (i) In earmarked account - held as security against bank guarantee *	114,189	129,676
(ii) In other deposit accounts (with original maturity for more than three months but less than twelve months)	312,962	707,791
(1)	427,151	837,467
	595,434	885,917

<sup>\*</sup> Guarantees issued in favour of SLDC (State Load Dispatch Centre) for DSM (Deviation Settlement Mechanism) charges.







Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

#### 15. Short-term loans and advances

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Unsecured and considered good		
Loans given*	194,945	-
Prepaid expenses	6,615	
Balance with government authorities - GST	1,081	358
Earnest money deposit	4,115	
Advance to vendors	1,345	
	208,101	3,904

\* Loan repayable on demand:

Loan repayable on demand.				
	As at 31 Ma	rch 2022	As at 31 March 2021	
Type of borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loans	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loans
Related party: Nellai Renewables Private Limited	194,945	100%	•	5.

#### 16. Other current assets

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Unsecured and considered good		
Interest accrued on deposits	2,470	5,228
Interest accrued on loans #	5,857	-
Amount recoverable from customers *	192,572	181,172
Amount recoverable from power exchange **	26,190	2,358
Security deposits	19,942	. 19,646
Unbilled revenue (refer Note 25) \$	2,401	4,231
	249,433	212,635

# Represents Interest on Ioan given to Nellai Renewable Private Limited (Refer note 25)

\*As per Forecasting and Scheduling (F&S) regulations, the Company is acting as Qualified Co-ordinating Agency (QCA) where the Company depools the DSM (Deviation Settlement Mechanism) charges raised by State Load Despatch Centre (SLDC) to the various generators under the respective Pooling Sub-stations. As a QCA, the Company is responsible to collect the DSM charges from the respective generators and pay to the SLDC only when this amount has been collected from the generators. The corresponding amount payable to SLDC (State Load Dispatch Centre) is shown under Note 7 to the financial statements.

\*\* Includes Rs.25,982 thousands (previous year Rs. 2,598 thousands netted off by Rs. 637 thousands as payable against margin money deducted) recoverable on behalf of customers (Refer Note 34).

\$ Includes Rs. 655 thousands (previous year Rs. 4,231 thousands) unbilled revenue with respect to related parties.

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# Statkraft Markets Private Limited Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

#### 17. Revenue from operations

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021	
Operating revenue			
Sale of power - trading *	255,497	332,513	
Service income from:			
-Management service fees	77,032	27,993	
-Services for sale of power	6,177	8,970	
-Services for power forecasting and scheduling	257	23,502	
	338,963	392,978	

<sup>\*</sup> net of penalties of Rs. 4,992 thousands (Previous year Rs. 3,829 thousands)

#### 18. Other income

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021	
Interest Income on			
-fixed deposits	24,787	39,323	
-income tax refund	708	763	
-loans	6,507	1,249	
-others	-	71	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (net)	58	-	
Provisions no longer requried, written back	1,430	-	
Miscellaneous income	253	140	
	33,743	41,54	

#### 19. Purchase of power

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Purchase of power- Trading *	232,798	· 276,796
	232,798	276,796

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Rs. Nil (Previous year Rs. 11,495 thousands) purchase from Related parties.

#### 20. Employee benefits expense

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Salaries, wages and allowances	127,591	123,101
Contributions to provident fund (refer Note 23)	7,825	8,194
Gratuity expense (refer Note 23)	3,608	2,680
Staff welfare expenses	3,951	5,322
	142,975	139,297







Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

#### 21. Finance costs

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Interest on delayed payment of statutory dues interest on other liabilities	833 204	27 387
	1,037	414

#### 22. Other expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Legal and professional	60,276	64,542
Information system support services	24,473	37,369
Rent	16,780	19,492
Office maintenance charges	6,151	6,088
Repair and maintenance - other	1,019	1,106
Travelling and conveyance	2,236	1,006
Foreign exchange loss (net)	973	2,929
Auditor's remuneration (refer Note 29)	817	1,096
Meetings and seminars expenses	624	208
Recruitment expenses	1,378	707
Communication charges	1,488	1,696
Licence fees	4,000	4,000
Newspapers and magazines	504	731
Rates and taxes	16,864	17,904
Power exchange membership fees #	2,599	1,324
Bank charges	226	637
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipments		56
Loss on disposal of long-term investment *	0	
Deviation settlement charges	296	1,596
Miscellaneous expenses	1,074	1,401
	141,778	163,888

<sup>#</sup> Net of reimbursements Rs.1,400 thousand (Previous Year Rs. 1,100 thousand)

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<sup>\*</sup> Loss of Rs. 3.43 (Previous Year NIL) on disposal of 1 share of Statkraft Solar Solutions Private Limited (with carrying value of Rs. 11.60) at Rs. 8.17 on 19 July 2021

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

#### 23. Disclosures under Accounting Standard - 15 "Employee Benefits"

(a) Defined contribution plan

The Company makes provident fund contributions to defined contribution plans for employees. Under the Scheme, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. The Company recognised Rs. 7,825 thousands (Previous year Rs. 8,194 thousands) for Provident Fund contributions in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The contributions payable to these plans by the Company are at rates specified in the rules of the Scheme.

#### (b) Defined benefit plans

Cartuity scheme (Unfunded)
The amount of gratuity has been computed based on respective employee's salary and the years of employment with the Company. Gratuity has been accrued based on actuarial valuation as at the Balance Sheet date, carried out by an independent actuary.

#### (c) Long term employee benefits

The amount of compensated absence has been computed based on respective employee's salary and the years of employment with the Company. Compensated absence has been accrued based on actuarial valuation as at the Balance Sheet date, carried out by an independent actuary.

		Gratuity		Earned leave	
Particulars		31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
A. Expenses recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss		9			
Current service cost		3,942	4,212	2,444	3,244
Amount paid to affiliate entity		-	4,589	-	-
Interest cost on benefit obligation		1,311	1,451	719	691
Net actuarial (gain)/loss recognised in the year		(1,645)	(7,572)	(2,408)	(3,385
Total expenses		3,608	2,680	755	550
B. Actual contribution and benefit payments for the year					
Actual benefit payments		1,334	156	1,935	137
Actual benefit payments		1,354	130	1,555	137
C. Net liabilities recognized in the balance sheet					
Present value of obligation as at the end of the year		21,675	19,401	9,447	10,627
Surplus/Deficit		(21,675)	(19,401)	(9,447)	(10,627
Net liability recognised in balance sheet		(21,675)	(19,401)	(9,447)	(10,627
D. Change in the obligation during the year ended Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year		19,401	21,466	10,627	10,214
Current service cost		3,942	4,212	2,444	3,244
Interest cost		1,311	1,451	719	691
Benefits paid		(1,334)	(156)	(1,935)	(137
Actuarial (gains) flosses		(1,645)	(7,572)	(2,408)	(3,385
Present value of obligation at the end of the year		21,675	19,401	9,447	10,627
E. Bifurcation of present value of obligation at the end of year as per schedule	III to the companies				
Act, 2013.					
Current liability		672	549	296	579
Non-current liability		21,003	18,852	9,151	10,048
Present value of obligation at the end of the year		21,675	19,401	9,447	10,627
F. Main actuarial assumptions (refer note 1 below)					
Discount rate		7%	7%	7.26%	6.76%
Future salary increase		10%	10%	10.00%	10.00%
Mortality rate		IALM (2012-14)			
Withdrawal rate		10%	10%	10.00%	10.00%
Estimate of amount of contribution in the immediate next year		5,711	6,645	1,617	2,041
G. Experience adjustments (refer Note 2)	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	31 March 201
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	21.675	19,401	21.467	14.768	10.212
Experience adjustment on plan liabilities gain/(loss)	3,151	3,460	1,578	(659)	(139
Experience adjustment on plan habilities gam/(loss)	3,131	3,400	1,576	(039)	(139
Sensitivity analysis of the defined benefit obligation			OU.		
Impact of change in the discount rate	1				
esent value of obligation at the end of the period		21,675	19,401	9,447.00	10,627.00
a) Impact due to increase of 0.50%		(1,704)	(1,615)	(676.00)	(832.00
b) Impact due to decrease of 0.50%		1,890	1,804	780.00	1,008.00
Impact of the change in salary increase					
esent value of obligation at the end of the period		21,675	19,401	9,447.00	10,627.00
a) Impact due to increase of 0.50%		1,832	1,739	738,00	928,00
n) Impact due to decrease of 0.50%		(1,671)	(1,577)	(673.00)	(839.00

(1) The discount rate is based upon the market yields available on Government Bonds at the accounting date with a term that matches that of the liabilities and the salary growth rate that takes account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors on long term basis.

(2) Experience adjustments given above is to the extent the information is available.

#### Compensated absences

For determination of the compensated absences liability of the Company, the following actuarial assumptions were used:

Description	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Discount rate	7%	7%
Future salary increase	10%	10%
Mortality table	IALM (2012-14)	IALM (2012-14)
Withdrawal rate	10.00%	10.00%





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

24. Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for):

#### (i) Contingent liabilities:

During the year, the Company has received the final order from the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal (ITAT), according to which, ITAT Commissioner has deleted all additions as per the ground of the appeal which was filed by the assessing officer. However, appeal effect of the order is yet to be received by the Company. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.

#### (ii) Other commitments

The company does not have any long-term outstanding contracts which might be material to effect the financial position.

#### 25. Related party disclosures

In accordance with the requirement of Accounting Standard (AS) -18 on Related Party Disclosures, the names of the related parties where control exists and /or with whom transactions have taken place during the period in the ordinary course of business and description of relationships are:

#### (a) Name of related parties and their relationships

Nature of relationship

Ultimate holding company

Holding company

Fellow subsidiaries\*

Name of related party

- Statkraft AS, Norway

- Statkraft Holding Singapore Pte. Ltd.

- Statkraft India Private Limited

- Tidong Power Generation Private Limited - Nellai Renewables Private Limited

- Statkraft Solar Solutions Private Limited

 Statkraft Markets GmbH - Statkraft Germany GmbH

- Statkraft Energi AS

- Statkraft Chile Inversiones Electricas Ltda

- Statkraft Markets B.V.

- AD Hydro Power Limited

- Malana Power Company Limited

- Maneesh Bhartia, Director

- Sanjeev Mehra, Managing Director

- Marthe Hoff, Director

Enterprise over which holding company's significant influence

Key management personnel

\*with whom the Company has transactions and balances during the year.





Statkraft Markets Private Limited
Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

### 26. Loss per share

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Net loss attributable to equity shareholders	(1,57,110)	(1,63,374)
Weighted average number of equity shares of Rs 10 each outstanding for computing earnings per share	14,19,06,790	14,19,06,790
Weighted average number of equity shares of Rs 10 each outstanding for computing earnings per share	14,19,06,790	14,19,06,790
Loss per share (in Rs.)	(1.10)	(1.15)
Diluted loss per share (in Rs.)	(1.10)	(1.15)

## 27. Expenditure in foreign currency

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Professional charges	75,010	52,815
Other expenses	3,661	8,965
Reimbursement of expenses	-	328
Total	78,671	62,108

### 28. Income in foreign currency

	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021	
Particulars			
Professional fees	48,869	12,313	
Reimbursement received	4,621	1,200	
Total	53,490	13,513	

### 29. Auditor's remuneration

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Payment to the auditors comprises (excluding GST):		
- For statutory audit	700	879
- For taxation related matters	100	203
- For out-of-pocket expenses	17	14
Total REKETS	817	1,096



Statkraft Markets Private Limited
Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

#### 30. Segment reporting

The Company is engaged in the services of a single segment "Power trading, power forecasting and scheduling services and energy management" in India. Accordingly, the separate primary and secondary segment reporting disclosure as envisaged in AS-17 on Segment Reporting notified under Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021 is not applicable to the Company.

#### 31. Deferred taxation

The Company has not recognized deferred tax assets in absence of virtual certainty that sufficient taxable income will be available in future years, against which such deferred tax asset could be realized.

#### 32. Operating lease

The Company has entered into operating lease arrangements for certain facilities and office premises. The leases for office premises are non-cancellable and were originally for a period of upto 3 years which was renewed during the year for a period of 1 year ending in the month of June 2022. The office premises lease agreement provides for an increase in the lease payments by 15% every 3 years.

Future minimum lease payments	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
- not later than one year  - later than one year and not later than five years  - later than five years	3,803 173	15,822 3,717 -
Lease payments recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss	16,780	19,492

#### 33. Transfer pricing

The Company has established a comprehensive system of maintenance of information and documents as required by the transfer pricing legislation under Sections 92-92F of the Income-tax Act, 1961. Since the law requires existence of such information and documentation to be contemporaneous in nature, the Company is in the process of updating the documentation for the international transactions entered into with the associated enterprises during the financial year and expects such records to be in existence latest by such date as required under law. Based on the transfer pricing assessment done by the specialist for previous year and due to no change in any facts for the current year, the management is of the opinion that its international transactions are at arm's length and the transfer pricing legislation under Section 92-92F of the Income-tax Act, 1961 will not have any impact on the financial statements.







Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

34. Pursuant to the terms agreed with its certain customers, the Company is acting as an agent and is providing professional services to its customer in relation to sale of power through power exchange and earn the professional charges from their customer based on the total value of transaction occurred. In view of this, the Company bills to power exchange for sale of power on customer's behalf and on receipt of such amount from the power exchange, transfers it to customers account. As at year end, the following balances pertaining to customers are included in other current liabilities/ other current assets:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Amounts payable to customers (being the amount		
received/recoverable on sale of power on their behalf) (included		
under other current liabilities)	(153,035)	(18,651)
Amounts recoverable from power exchange on behalf of		( , ,
customers (being the amount receivable on sale of power on		
their behalf) (included under other current assets)	25,982	2,598
Net amount payable to the customer	(127,186)	(16,053)

#### 35. Investor education and protection fund

There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund as at 31 March 2022.

**36.** The Company has incurred net loss of Rs. 1,57,110 thousand during the current year and has accumulated losses aggregating Rs. 7,16,057 thousand as on 31 March 2022. The Company's business model is to purchase, sell, distribute, trade, import, export, generate or accumulate all forms of electrical power, to provide manpower support services to its group companies and to provide forecasting and scheduling services to solar and wind generators. In view of the positive net worth amounting Rs. 7,03,011 thousand, huge fixed deposits, ideal current ratio and ability to fund the operations and intention to continue as going concern in the next twelve months, the management has prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

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More.





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in thousand rupees unless otherwise stated)

#### 37 Analytical Ratios

Ratio	Formula	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	Variance	Remarks
Current ratio	Current Assets / Current Liabilities	2.55	3.59	29%	The variance is on account of regular business activities happended during the year.
Return on equity ratio	Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend (if any) / Average Shareholder's Equity	(0.05)	(0.04)	-(16)%	
Trade receivables turnover ratio	Net Credit Sales / Average Accounts Receivable	10.07	10.71	6%	
Trade payables turnover ratio	Net Credit Purchases / Average Trade Payables (refer note 1 below)	10.00	10.66	6%	
Net capital turnover ratio	Net Sales / Working Capital	0.51	0.48	-(6)%	
Net profit ratio	Net Profit after tax / Net Sales	(0.46)	(0.42)	-(11)%	
Return on capital employed	Earning before interest and taxes / Capital Employed (refer note 2 below)	(0.20)	(0.17)	-(15)%	

- 1. Net credit purchases includes cost of purchase and other expenses.
- 2. Capital employed is average of shareholders fund.

#### 38 Additional disclosures

(i) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property.

(ii) The Company does not have any transactions with struck off companies.

- (iii) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- (iv) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

- (v) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,

- (vi) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961
- (vii) The Company has not been declared as wilfull defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender and the Company has used the fund raised from borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the purpose for which it was taken
- (viii) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.

39 Previous period's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current period's classification/ disclosure.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firms Regis ration Number: 001076N/N500013

Nalin Partner Membership No:503498

Place: New Delhi Date: 20 September 2022 min

Sanjeev Mehra Managing Director DIN: 02626778

Maneesh Bhartia Director DIN: 06949674

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Statkraft Markets Private Limited

CIN:- U51909DL2011PTC228692

Place: New Delhi Date: 20 September 2022 Place: New Delhi Date: 20 September 2022

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Gauri Shankar Mishra Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi Date: 20 September 2022